

Twenty-Second Edition 2012

# The State of Church Giving through 2010

**Who's in Charge Here?**

**A Case for a Positive Agenda for Affluence**

Excerpt, pages 130-132, 157-163

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...only slightly.” Further, the Brookings Institution study does not address the related MDG 1.C: “Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people who suffer from hunger.” The MDG 1 Fact Sheet does reflect on the MDG 1.C target:

Despite such improvements, progress is currently not fast enough to reach the MDG target, and particular focus is required in Southern Asia. This region alone accounts for almost half the world’s undernourished children. In all developing regions, children in rural areas are nearly twice as likely to be underweight as those in urban areas.<sup>12</sup>

Thus, it may not be appropriate to conclude that the progress made by government and business in reducing poverty, as described by MDG 1.A, has benefitted many or most of those at the margins of society. This point gains significance in that it is the margins of society that repeatedly attracted Jesus’ attention. Remember that Jesus was criticized for spending time with “tax collectors and ‘sinners’ ” (Mark 2:16), and that in his ministry Jesus included women, including those who were “sinners” (e.g., Luke 7:36-50, John 4:1-42, John 20:10-18), and children (e.g., Matt. 18:1-9, Mark 10:13-16).

**At the margins: “Women and children last.”** The Brookings Institution study, cited by Galli in his article, considered progress on MDG 1.A, to reduce extreme global poverty between 1990 and 2015. The study did not refer to the lack of progress being achieved on MDG 4: “Reduce by two thirds, between 1990 and 2015, the under-five mortality rate.” A study in *The Lancet* medical journal found that while child mortality has declined, at present rates of reduction, many countries are not likely to reach MDG 4 targets by 2015.<sup>13</sup>

This current lack of progress extends a trend from the past. The late James P. Grant served as the executive director of the United Nations Children’s Fund from 1980 until five days before his death from cancer on January 28, 1995.<sup>14</sup> He was the grandson of a medical missionary to China, and son of one of the first public health graduates of Johns Hopkins University who used his degree to focus on primary and preventive health care, including in China.<sup>15</sup> James P. Grant worked to bring the world’s attention to what he termed the “silent emergency”: the millions of preventable child deaths around the globe.<sup>16</sup> In September 1990 he successfully convened a gathering of 71 heads of State and Government to consider the plight of children. As a result of the meeting, “They solemnly promised the children of the world a first call on the resources of their nations and, ultimately, of our civilization.”<sup>17</sup> His organizing efforts were based on his experience that, “When push comes to shove, it’s women and children last, not first. We can turn that around now, if only we make up our minds to do it.”<sup>18</sup>

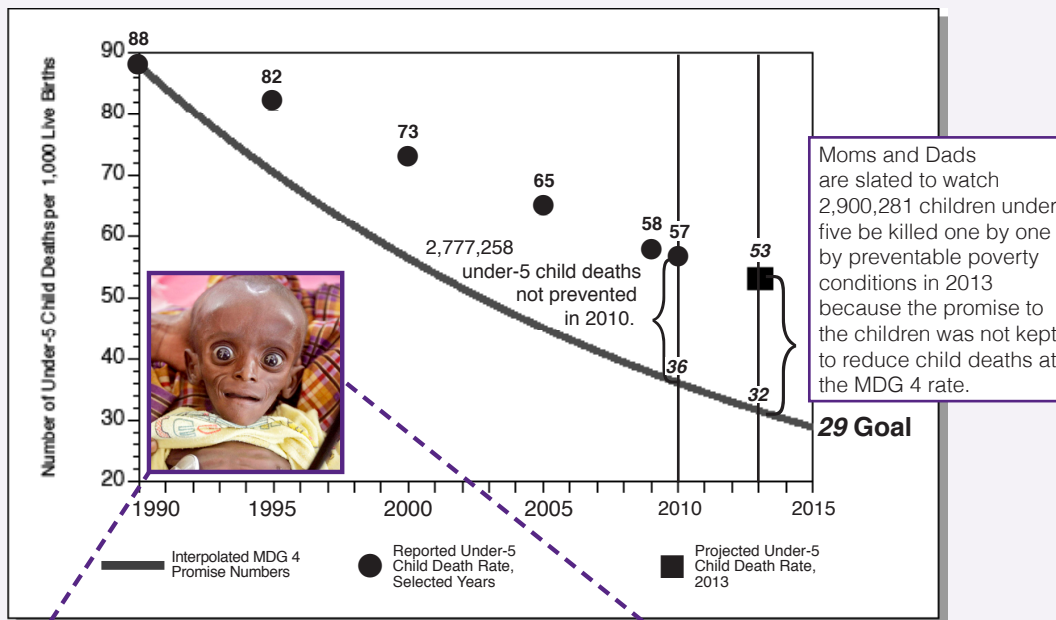
Government and business have not, apparently, made up their minds to make children a priority. An official United Nations Web site noted in 2012: “Child deaths are falling, but not quickly enough to reach the [MDG 4] target. Revitalizing efforts against pneumonia and diarrhoea, while bolstering nutrition, could save millions of children. Recent success in controlling measles may be short-lived if funding gaps are not bridged.”<sup>19</sup>

The implications of the lack of progress described above affect real people. As indicated in Figure 22, although the goal for 2010 was an estimated reduction to

36 under-5 child deaths per 1,000 live births, the actual 2010 number was 57, well behind the goal.

Based on *The State of Church Giving through 2010* analysis, if all were on track, the world would be 88% towards the goal of achieving MDG 4, with 12% farther to go by 2015. Instead, an analysis of *The State of the World's Children* series data found the world was, on average, about 53% toward meeting the MDG 4 target, leaving 47% of the goal to be achieved before 2015.<sup>20</sup>

**Figure 22: Exponential Interpolation of MDG 4 Under-5 Child Deaths Per 1,000 Live Births, Based on Reported 1990 Data and 2015 Goal; Reported Data, 1995, 2000, 2005, 2009, and 2010; Projected 2013 Data**



Source: empty tomb analysis, UNICEF data

empty tomb, inc. 2012



July 26, 2011

On 7/26/2011, Minhaj Gedi Farah was admitted to the International Rescue Committee field hospital in the Eastern Kenyan village of Hagadera near Dadaab. He weighed 3.4 kg (7 lb 8 oz). (AP photo by Schalk van Zuydam) On 8/6/2011, he weighed 3.8 kg (8 lb 6 oz). (AP photo by Jerome Delay)

August 6, 2011



This Somali child's mother was able to reach a hospital in Kenya. The seven-month old baby responded to the medical assistance provided. The church in the U.S. has the potential to increase giving in order to help millions of additional children in the 13 no-progress countries and elsewhere by 2015. (see chapter 6).

Because of this lack of progress since 1990, an estimated 2,777,258 children under the age of five died in 2010, children who would not have died if the world had kept its promises to help them.

If the rate evident in the 2010 reported data continues at its present pace, in 2013 there will be mothers and fathers helplessly watching an estimated 2,900,281 children under the age of five die from preventable causes. These parents would not have to grieve their children if world leaders kept their promise to the children to reduce child deaths at a rate that would achieve the goal by 2015, as indicated in Figure 22.

**Helping the household of faith.** Here a brief aside seems necessary. There are many verses that indicate Christian compassion is to be extended to all people, believers and non-believers alike. Consider Jesus’ story of the Good Samaritan (Luke 10:25-37), or Jesus’ command that Christians ought to do more than others, for example by loving and helping their enemies (Luke 6:32-36). The following discussion, therefore, sits in the context of Paul’s “both/and” summary in Galatians 6:10: “Therefore, as we have opportunity, let us do good to all people, especially to those who belong to the family of believers” (NIV).

While Christian compassion is to be extended to anyone with needs, those who name Jesus may be said to have a special claim on their brothers and sisters in Christ. Table 44 lists 13 nations that are making no progress in reducing the rate at which children under the age of five are dying within their borders.<sup>21</sup> In nine of these countries, an average of 83% of the population identified themselves as Christian in the year 2000....

**Table 44: Thirteen Countries Making “No Progress” in Reducing Under-5 Child Deaths, Number of Under-5 Child Deaths, 2010; Country Population, 2010; Christian Percent of Country, Mid-2000; and Four Christian Traditions Affiliated Adherents Percent of Country, Mid-2000**

Country	Number of Under-5 Child Deaths, 2010	Population 2010	Christian Percent of Country, Mid-2000	Four Christian Traditions, Affiliated Adherents Percent of Country, Mid-2000			
				Roman Catholic	Protestant	Anglican	Orthodox
Burkina Faso	120,000	16,469,000					
Cameroon	93,000	19,599,000	54.2%	26.5%	20.7%		
Central African Republic	23,000	4,401,000	67.8%	18.4%	14.4%		
Chad	80,000	11,227,000					
Democratic Republic of the Congo	465,000	65,966,000	95.4%	50.9%	20.3%	0.9%	
Haiti	45,000	9,993,000	95.8%	79.3%	17.5%	1.3%	
Kenya	122,000	40,513,000	79.3%	23.3%	21.2%	10.0%	2.5%
Lesotho	5,000	2,171,000	91.0%	37.5%	13.0%	4.7%	
Mauritania	13,000	3,460,000					
Sao Tome and Principe	80	165,000	95.8%	75.3%	3.7%		
Somalia	70,000	9,331,000					
South Africa	58,000	50,133,000	83.1%	8.3%	30.7%	6.6%	0.4%
Zimbabwe	29,000	12,571,000	67.5%	9.60%	12.3%	2.7%	0.1%
Total Under-5 Child Deaths	1,123,000						

Note: The *World Christian Encyclopedia* Christian Percent of Country figure shown reflects additional traditions present in the country and may include an adjustment for “doubly-affiliated.” empty tomb, inc., 2012

Source: empty tomb analysis; *The State of the World’s Children, 2010; Countdown to 2015 Decade Report (2000-2010); World Christian Encyclopedia (2001)*

[Begin page 157]

Were a multi-denominational consensus to develop, practical information would be needed to guide those efforts. Tables 46 and 47 develop a mathematical model to estimate the cost to address various diseases impacting children around the globe.

The results presented in Tables 46 and 47 provide dollar-cost estimates for the causes of under-5 deaths in each of the 74 countries included in the tables.<sup>155</sup> The rows presenting data for the 13 no-progress countries are highlighted. The model suggests the type of information that can be developed to foster initiatives to eliminate conditions that result in needless child deaths.

Two valuable sources of information served as the basis of the analysis. The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) 2012 edition of the annual *State of the World's Children* report with data for 2010 provided detailed information on "Basic Indicators," including the number of under-5 child deaths by country.<sup>156</sup>

The second source was the *Countdown to 2015 Decade Report, The 2012 Report*.<sup>157</sup> This report with data for 2010 listed 75 countries and territories. Data that included a percentage enumeration for nine "Causes of under-5 deaths," one of which was the summary category, "Neonatal," was provided for 73. Additionally, detail data for seven "Causes of neonatal deaths" was provided for the same 73 countries and territories.

It may be noted that Tables 46 and 47 include information for 74 countries. In the case of Sudan and the new nation of South Sudan, 2010 information on the causes of death was not listed for either country. The 2010 pre-cession data was used as a combined figure for Sudan and South Sudan for the rate of under-5 child deaths. Since 2010 data for causes of death was not listed for either country, the 2008 figures for Sudan were used in the analysis.<sup>158</sup>

The number of under-5 child deaths in the 74 countries listed in the Tables 46 and 47 accounted for 96% of the under-5 child deaths in the world.

This model, a first approximation for estimating country-specific costs to prevent child deaths, was based on the assumption that the cost of the disease remedies was equal for each disease. A second working assumption was that the cost of a package of disease remedies per child was the same across the different countries. While this model could be refined by disease-specific and country-specific pricing factors plus rate of progress information, this first approximation may be useful for exploring how to address, and mobilize for meeting, specific country goals.

In Table 46, a summed dollar figure for all Neonatal causes is presented.

Table 47 presents the Neonatal detail.

The numbers in the tables suggest that addressing these needs is doable.

Further, the cost per general church member could be reduced if an effective challenge were to be presented to wealthy church members. As noted in Table 28 in chapter 6, a strategy could challenge higher-income church members to donate half the costs of addressing these needs....

**Table 46: Country-Specific Dollar-Cost Estimates for Causes of Under-5 Child Deaths, 74 Countries, with 13 No-Progress Countries Highlighted, 2010**

Nation		Under-5 Mortality Rank	Annual no. of Under-5 Deaths (000s) 2010	Country Total as % of Total Annual No. of Under-5 Deaths (000s) 2010	Country Total\$ Need, Based on \$5 Billion Total Estimate
Africa: 46 Nations			3,766	52%	\$2,589,338,503
1	Angola	8	121	1.66%	\$83,185,524
2	Benin	20	39	0.54%	26,811,863
3	Botswana	61	2	0.03%	1,374,967
<b>4</b>	<b>Burkina Faso</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>1.65%</b>	<b>82,498,041</b>
5	Burundi	14	38	0.52%	26,124,380
<b>6</b>	<b>Cameroon</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>1.28%</b>	<b>63,935,982</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Central African Republic</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>0.32%</b>	<b>15,812,124</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>Chad</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>1.10%</b>	<b>54,998,694</b>
9	Comoros	34	2	0.03%	1,374,967
10	Congo	29	13	0.18%	8,937,288
11	Côte d'Ivoire	18	80	1.10%	54,998,694
<b>12</b>	<b>Democratic Republic of the Congo</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>465</b>	<b>6.39%</b>	<b>319,679,908</b>
13	Djibouti	31	2	0.03%	1,374,967
14	Egypt	91	41	0.56%	28,186,831
15	Equatorial Guinea	19	3	0.04%	2,062,451
16	Eritrea	49	11	0.15%	7,562,320
17	Ethiopia	23	271	3.73%	186,308,075
18	Gabon	43	3	0.04%	2,062,451
19	Gambia	28	6	0.08%	4,124,902
20	Ghana	43	57	0.78%	39,186,569
21	Guinea	17	48	0.66%	32,999,216
22	Guinea-Bissau	10	8	0.11%	5,499,869
<b>23</b>	<b>Kenya</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>1.68%</b>	<b>83,873,008</b>
<b>24</b>	<b>Lesotho</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>0.07%</b>	<b>3,437,418</b>
25	Liberia	24	15	0.21%	10,312,255
26	Madagascar	48	44	0.60%	30,249,282
27	Malawi	30	56	0.77%	38,499,086
28	Mali	2	120	1.65%	82,498,041
<b>29</b>	<b>Mauritania</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>0.18%</b>	<b>8,937,288</b>
30	Morocco	69	23	0.32%	15,812,124
31	Mozambique	16	114	1.57%	78,373,139
32	Niger	12	100	1.37%	68,748,367
33	Nigeria	12	861	11.84%	591,923,442
34	Rwanda	31	38	0.52%	26,124,380
<b>35</b>	<b>Sao Tome and Principe</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.01%</b>	<b>274,993</b>
36	Senegal	42	34	0.47%	23,374,445
37	Sierra Leone	4	39	0.54%	26,811,863
<b>38</b>	<b>Somalia</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>0.96%</b>	<b>48,123,857</b>
<b>39</b>	<b>South Africa</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>0.80%</b>	<b>39,874,053</b>
40	Sudan and South Sudan	24	143	1.97%	98,310,165
41	Swaziland	39	3	0.04%	2,062,451
42	Togo	24	19	0.26%	13,062,190
43	Uganda	27	141	1.94%	96,935,198
44	United Republic of Tanzania	41	133	1.83%	91,435,328
45	Zambia	21	60	0.82%	41,249,020
<b>46</b>	<b>Zimbabwe</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>0.40%</b>	<b>19,937,026</b>

Details in table may not compute to numbers shown due to rounding.  
Sources: empty tomb analysis, UNICEF data

empty tomb, inc., 2012



Who's in Charge Here? A Case for a Positive Agenda for Affluence (Excerpt)

	Pneumonia	Diarrhoea	Measles	Meningitis	Injuries	Malaria	HIV/AIDS	Other	Neonatal (Total)
Africa	\$359,874,328	\$284,421,620	\$26,120,255	\$60,590,686	\$117,092,219	\$372,606,526	\$101,060,100	\$478,463,886	\$790,765,719
1	\$12,477,829	\$12,477,829	\$0	\$2,495,566	\$3,327,421	\$8,318,552	\$1,663,710	\$20,796,381	\$22,460,092
2	3,217,424	2,681,186	0	268,119	804,356	6,166,729	268,119	5,630,491	7,507,322
3	151,246	82,498	0	13,750	54,999	0	206,245	302,493	549,987
<b>4</b>	<b>10,724,745</b>	<b>9,899,765</b>	<b>2,474,941</b>	<b>1,649,961</b>	<b>2,474,941</b>	<b>19,799,530</b>	<b>824,980</b>	<b>17,324,589</b>	<b>18,149,569</b>
5	4,441,145	3,657,413	0	783,731	1,306,219	1,044,975	1,567,463	5,224,876	8,098,558
<b>6</b>	<b>8,311,678</b>	<b>8,311,678</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,278,720</b>	<b>1,918,079</b>	<b>10,229,757</b>	<b>3,196,799</b>	<b>14,065,916</b>	<b>16,623,355</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>2,055,576</b>	<b>1,581,212</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>316,242</b>	<b>474,364</b>	<b>4,111,152</b>	<b>474,364</b>	<b>2,371,819</b>	<b>4,427,395</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>8,799,791</b>	<b>7,699,817</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,649,961</b>	<b>1,649,961</b>	<b>10,999,739</b>	<b>1,649,961</b>	<b>8,249,804</b>	<b>14,299,660</b>
9	164,996	109,997	0	13,750	54,999	192,495	0	302,493	536,237
10	714,983	625,610	0	89,373	268,119	2,323,695	446,864	1,608,712	2,859,932
11	5,499,869	4,399,896	0	549,987	1,649,961	13,749,673	1,649,961	8,249,804	18,699,556
<b>12</b>	<b>44,755,187</b>	<b>38,361,589</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3,196,799</b>	<b>9,590,397</b>	<b>57,542,383</b>	<b>3,196,799</b>	<b>70,329,580</b>	<b>92,707,173</b>
13	164,996	137,497	13,750	13,750	54,999	13,750	54,999	384,991	536,237
14	2,818,683	1,973,078	0	281,868	563,737	0	0	10,147,259	12,402,205
15	206,245	123,747	0	20,625	41,249	433,115	164,996	412,490	659,984
16	1,361,218	831,855	151,246	302,493	604,986	75,623	151,246	1,739,334	2,344,319
17	33,535,454	24,220,050	7,452,323	11,178,485	11,178,485	3,726,162	3,726,162	31,672,373	61,481,665
18	164,996	123,747	61,874	20,625	61,874	309,368	164,996	391,866	742,482
19	453,739	371,241	0	82,498	123,747	824,980	123,747	742,482	1,402,467
20	3,918,657	2,743,060	391,866	783,731	1,567,463	7,053,582	1,175,597	7,053,582	14,890,896
21	3,959,906	2,969,929	0	659,984	989,976	8,909,788	329,992	4,949,882	10,229,757
22	769,982	659,984	0	109,997	164,996	989,976	164,996	1,044,975	1,539,963
<b>23</b>	<b>12,580,951</b>	<b>7,548,571</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,677,460</b>	<b>4,193,650</b>	<b>2,516,190</b>	<b>5,871,111</b>	<b>20,129,522</b>	<b>29,355,553</b>
<b>24</b>	<b>378,116</b>	<b>240,619</b>	<b>34,374</b>	<b>34,374</b>	<b>137,497</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>618,735</b>	<b>584,361</b>	<b>1,443,716</b>
25	1,237,471	824,980	1,031,226	206,245	309,368	1,856,206	206,245	1,546,838	3,196,799
26	4,839,885	3,024,928	302,493	604,986	2,117,450	1,814,957	0	6,352,349	11,192,234
27	4,234,899	2,694,936	769,982	769,982	1,539,963	5,004,881	5,004,881	6,544,845	11,934,717
28	11,549,726	11,549,726	2,474,941	1,649,961	2,474,941	13,199,687	0	16,499,608	22,274,471
<b>29</b>	<b>1,161,847</b>	<b>893,729</b>	<b>625,610</b>	<b>178,746</b>	<b>357,492</b>	<b>536,237</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,966,203</b>	<b>3,038,678</b>
30	1,581,212	948,727	0	158,121	948,727	0	0	3,636,789	8,380,426
31	8,621,045	7,053,582	783,731	783,731	2,351,194	14,890,896	7,837,314	11,755,971	23,511,942
32	12,374,706	9,624,771	0	2,062,451	2,749,935	10,312,255	687,484	13,749,673	16,499,608
33	82,869,282	65,111,579	5,919,234	17,757,703	17,757,703	118,384,688	23,676,938	88,788,516	171,657,798
34	4,441,145	3,134,926	0	522,488	1,567,463	522,488	522,488	6,531,095	8,882,289
<b>35</b>	<b>38,499</b>	<b>30,249</b>	<b>2,750</b>	<b>2,750</b>	<b>13,750</b>	<b>11,000</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>85,248</b>	<b>90,748</b>
36	2,804,933	1,869,956	467,489	467,489	934,978	3,272,422	233,744	4,441,145	8,648,545
37	3,753,661	3,217,424	0	536,237	804,356	6,166,729	268,119	5,094,254	6,971,084
<b>38</b>	<b>9,143,533</b>	<b>7,218,579</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,924,954</b>	<b>1,443,716</b>	<b>3,368,670</b>	<b>481,239</b>	<b>8,662,294</b>	<b>16,843,350</b>
<b>39</b>	<b>3,588,665</b>	<b>1,993,703</b>	<b>398,741</b>	<b>398,741</b>	<b>1,594,962</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>11,164,735</b>	<b>8,373,551</b>	<b>12,759,697</b>
40	9,831,017	9,831,017	0	0	24,577,541	1,966,203	2,949,305	12,780,321	37,357,863
41	268,119	144,372	0	41,249	103,123	0	474,364	453,739	598,111
42	1,567,463	1,306,219	0	261,244	522,488	2,351,194	391,866	2,612,438	4,179,901
43	15,509,632	9,693,520	0	1,938,704	4,846,760	12,601,576	6,785,464	18,417,688	27,141,855
44	11,886,593	7,314,826	914,353	1,828,707	4,571,766	10,057,886	4,571,766	16,458,359	32,916,718
45	4,949,882	3,712,412	1,649,961	824,980	1,649,961	5,362,373	4,124,902	7,012,333	11,962,216
<b>46</b>	<b>1,993,703</b>	<b>1,395,592</b>	<b>199,370</b>	<b>199,370</b>	<b>598,111</b>	<b>1,594,962</b>	<b>3,987,405</b>	<b>2,990,554</b>	<b>6,778,589</b>

Details in table may not compute to numbers shown due to rounding.

empty tomb, inc., 2012

Sources: empty tomb analysis, UNICEF data

**Table 46: Country-Specific Dollar-Cost Estimates for Causes of Under-5 Child Deaths, 74 Countries, with 13 No-Progress Countries Highlighted, 2010 (continued)**

Nation		Under-5 Mortality Rank	Annual no. of Under-5 Deaths (000s) 2010	Country Total as % of Total Annual No. of Under-5 Deaths (000s) 2010	Country Total\$ Need, Based on \$5 Billion Total Estimate
Asia: 20 Nations			3,318	46%	\$2,281,070,825
1	Afghanistan	11	191	2.63%	\$131,309,381
2	Azerbaijan	63	9	0.12%	6,187,353
3	Bangladesh	61	140	1.92%	96,247,714
4	Cambodia	58	16	0.22%	10,999,739
5	China	108	315	4.33%	216,557,357
6	Democratic People's Rep. of Korea	73	12	0.16%	8,249,804
7	India	46	1,696	23.32%	1,165,972,308
8	Indonesia	72	151	2.08%	103,810,035
9	Iraq	67	43	0.59%	29,561,798
10	Kyrgyzstan	68	5	0.07%	3,437,418
11	Lao People's Democratic Republic	55	8	0.11%	5,499,869
12	Myanmar	45	56	0.77%	38,499,086
13	Nepal	59	35	0.48%	24,061,929
14	Pakistan	33	423	5.82%	290,805,593
15	Philippines	80	66	0.91%	45,373,922
16	Tajikistan	46	12	0.16%	8,249,804
17	Turkmenistan	52	6	0.08%	4,124,902
18	Uzbekistan	57	31	0.43%	21,311,994
19	Viet Nam	90	34	0.47%	23,374,445
20	Yemen	40	69	0.95%	47,436,373

Latin America/Caribbean: 6 Nations			176	2%	\$120,997,126
1	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	55	14	0.19%	\$9,624,771
2	Brazil	103	55	0.76%	37,811,602
3	Guatemala	76	14	0.19%	9,624,771
<b>4</b>	<b>Haiti</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>0.62%</b>	<b>30,936,765</b>
5	Mexico	113	37	0.51%	25,436,896
6	Peru	103	11	0.15%	7,562,320

Oceania: 2 Nations			13	0.20%	\$8,593,546
1	Papua New Guinea	49	12	0.16%	\$8,249,804
2	Solomon Islands	81	0.5	0.01%	\$343,742

Total for 74 Nations			7,273	100%	\$5,000,000,000
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Details in table may not compute to numbers shown due to rounding.  
Sources: empty tomb analysis, UNICEF data

empty tomb, inc., 2012



Who's in Charge Here? A Case for a Positive Agenda for Affluence (Excerpt)

	Pneumonia	Diarrhoea	Measles	Meningitis	Injuries	Malaria	HIV/AIDS	Other	Neonatal (Total)
Asia	\$338,716,330	\$213,271,185	\$48,220,105	\$53,059,990	\$113,448,556	\$4,173,026	\$783,731	\$355,848,424	\$1,145,423,421
1	\$26,261,876	\$19,696,407	\$2,626,188	\$5,252,375	\$6,565,469	\$0	\$0	\$27,574,970	\$42,019,002
2	866,229	433,115	0	61,874	371,241	0	0	1,856,206	2,536,815
3	10,587,249	5,774,863	962,477	2,887,431	5,774,863	962,477	0	13,474,680	56,786,151
4	1,539,963	879,979	0	219,995	769,982	219,995	109,997	2,529,940	4,619,890
5	32,483,604	4,331,147	0	4,331,147	17,324,589	0	0	32,483,604	125,603,267
6	1,072,475	412,490	0	164,996	494,988	0	0	1,814,957	4,289,898
7	174,895,846	128,256,954	34,979,169	23,319,446	46,638,892	0	0	139,916,677	606,305,600
8	12,457,204	5,190,502	5,190,502	2,076,201	6,228,602	2,076,201	0	20,762,007	49,828,817
9	3,547,416	1,478,090	0	295,618	1,773,708	0	0	6,799,214	15,667,753
10	378,116	206,245	0	34,374	240,619	0	0	962,477	1,581,212
11	989,976	549,987	0	219,995	439,990	54,999	54,999	1,154,973	2,144,949
12	6,159,854	2,694,936	384,991	1,154,973	1,924,954	384,991	384,991	7,699,817	18,094,570
13	3,368,670	1,443,716	0	962,477	1,203,096	0	0	3,128,051	13,955,919
14	43,620,839	29,080,559	2,908,056	8,724,168	14,540,280	0	0	61,069,175	133,770,573
15	6,352,349	2,722,435	0	1,361,218	3,629,914	0	0	9,982,263	21,779,483
16	1,154,973	742,482	0	82,498	494,988	0	0	2,392,443	3,382,420
17	494,988	329,992	0	41,249	206,245	0	0	1,237,471	1,814,957
18	2,557,439	1,491,840	0	213,120	1,278,720	0	0	6,606,718	9,164,157
19	2,337,444	2,337,444	1,168,722	233,744	701,233	0	233,744	4,441,145	12,154,711
20	7,589,820	5,218,001	0	1,423,091	2,846,182	474,364	0	9,961,638	19,923,277

LA/C	\$10,277,881	\$6,159,854	\$0	\$1,615,587	\$22,590,713	\$0	\$577,486	\$25,457,520	\$53,279,985
1	\$1,251,220	\$866,229	\$0	\$96,248	\$577,486	\$0	\$0	\$2,502,441	\$4,234,899
2	2,268,696	1,134,348	0	378,116	1,512,464	0	0	7,562,320	24,577,541
3	1,154,973	673,734	0	192,495	769,982	0	192,495	2,021,202	4,619,890
<b>4</b>	<b>2,784,309</b>	<b>2,165,574</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>618,735</b>	<b>17,015,221</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>309,368</b>	<b>2,784,309</b>	<b>4,949,882</b>
5	2,289,321	1,017,476	0	254,369	2,034,952	0	0	8,394,176	11,192,234
6	529,362	302,493	0	75,623	680,609	0	75,623	2,193,073	3,705,537

Oceania	\$1,192,784	\$673,734	\$0	\$168,433	\$522,488	\$859,355	\$164,996	\$1,632,774	\$3,378,982
1	\$1,154,973	\$659,984	\$0	\$164,996	\$494,988	\$824,980	\$164,996	\$1,567,463	\$3,217,424
2	\$37,812	\$13,750	\$0	\$3,437	\$27,499	\$34,374	\$0	\$65,311	\$161,559

<b>Total</b>	<b>\$710,061,324</b>	<b>\$504,526,392</b>	<b>\$74,340,359</b>	<b>\$115,434,696</b>	<b>\$253,653,976</b>	<b>\$377,638,906</b>	<b>\$102,586,314</b>	<b>\$861,402,604</b>	<b>\$1,992,848,107</b>
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Details in table may not compute to numbers shown due to rounding.

Sources: empty tomb analysis, UNICEF data

empty tomb, inc., 2012

**Table 47: Country-Specific Dollar-Cost Estimates for Causes of Neonatal Deaths, 74 Countries, with 13 No-Progress Countries Highlighted, 2010**

Nation		Country Total Neonatal Need (\$s)	Neonatal Pneumonia (\$s)	Neonatal Preterm (\$s)	Neonatal Asphyxia (\$s)	Neonatal Sepsis (\$s)	Neonatal Other (\$s)	Neonatal Congenital (\$s)	Neonatal Diarrhoea (\$s)
Africa: 46 Nations		\$790,765,719	\$78,168,269	\$279,316,366	\$207,692,942	\$133,898,445	\$31,306,631	\$44,165,326	\$16,513,358
1	Angola	\$22,460,092	\$1,663,710	\$7,486,697	\$5,822,987	\$4,991,131	\$831,855	\$831,855	\$831,855
2	Benin	7,507,322	1,340,593	2,681,186	2,144,949	536,237	268,119	536,237	0
3	Botswana	549,987	41,249	206,245	123,747	54,999	27,499	82,498	0
4	<b>Burkina Faso</b>	<b>18,149,569</b>	<b>3,299,922</b>	<b>5,774,863</b>	<b>4,949,882</b>	<b>1,649,961</b>	<b>824,980</b>	<b>824,980</b>	<b>0</b>
5	Burundi	8,098,558	522,488	2,873,682	2,089,950	2,089,950	261,244	261,244	0
6	<b>Cameroon</b>	<b>16,623,355</b>	<b>1,278,720</b>	<b>5,754,238</b>	<b>4,475,519</b>	<b>3,196,799</b>	<b>639,360</b>	<b>639,360</b>	<b>0</b>
7	<b>Central African Republic</b>	<b>4,427,395</b>	<b>474,364</b>	<b>1,423,091</b>	<b>1,106,849</b>	<b>790,606</b>	<b>158,121</b>	<b>158,121</b>	<b>158,121</b>
8	<b>Chad</b>	<b>14,299,660</b>	<b>1,649,961</b>	<b>4,949,882</b>	<b>3,849,909</b>	<b>2,199,948</b>	<b>549,987</b>	<b>549,987</b>	<b>0</b>
9	Comoros	536,237	82,498	178,746	151,246	54,999	27,499	41,249	0
10	Congo	2,859,932	536,237	983,102	804,356	178,746	178,746	178,746	0
11	Côte d'Ivoire	18,699,556	2,749,935	6,049,856	4,949,882	2,749,935	549,987	1,099,974	549,987
12	<b>Democratic Republic of the Congo</b>	<b>92,707,173</b>	<b>12,787,196</b>	<b>28,771,192</b>	<b>22,377,594</b>	<b>12,787,196</b>	<b>3,196,799</b>	<b>6,393,598</b>	<b>3,196,799</b>
13	Djibouti	536,237	109,997	192,495	137,497	13,750	27,499	54,999	0
14	Egypt	12,402,205	281,868	5,637,366	1,973,078	563,737	845,605	2,818,683	0
15	Equatorial Guinea	659,984	82,498	206,245	164,996	103,123	41,249	61,874	20,625
16	Eritrea	2,344,319	75,623	831,855	680,609	378,116	75,623	151,246	0
17	Ethiopia	61,481,665	5,589,242	22,356,969	16,767,727	11,178,485	1,863,081	3,726,162	1,863,081
18	Gabon	742,482	61,874	268,119	185,621	103,123	41,249	61,874	20,625
19	Gambia	1,402,467	206,245	494,988	412,490	164,996	41,249	82,498	0
20	Ghana	14,890,896	1,175,597	5,486,120	4,310,523	2,351,194	783,731	1,175,597	0
21	Guinea	10,229,757	1,319,969	3,299,922	2,639,937	1,649,961	329,992	329,992	329,992
22	Guinea-Bissau	1,539,963	219,995	494,988	439,990	274,993	54,999	54,999	54,999
23	<b>Kenya</b>	<b>29,355,553</b>	<b>838,730</b>	<b>10,064,761</b>	<b>8,387,301</b>	<b>5,871,111</b>	<b>1,677,460</b>	<b>1,677,460</b>	<b>0</b>
24	<b>Lesotho</b>	<b>1,443,716</b>	<b>68,748</b>	<b>515,613</b>	<b>378,116</b>	<b>309,368</b>	<b>68,748</b>	<b>68,748</b>	<b>34,374</b>
25	Liberia	3,196,799	206,245	1,031,226	928,103	618,735	103,123	206,245	103,123
26	Madagascar	11,192,234	604,986	3,932,407	3,327,421	1,814,957	302,493	907,478	0
27	Malawi	11,934,717	1,154,973	4,234,899	3,464,918	1,924,954	769,982	769,982	0
28	Mali	22,274,471	4,124,902	7,424,824	5,774,863	2,474,941	824,980	824,980	824,980
29	<b>Mauritania</b>	<b>3,038,678</b>	<b>268,119</b>	<b>983,102</b>	<b>804,356</b>	<b>536,237</b>	<b>178,746</b>	<b>178,746</b>	<b>89,373</b>
30	Morocco	8,380,426	790,606	3,794,910	1,897,455	474,364	316,242	1,106,849	0
31	Mozambique	23,511,942	3,134,926	7,837,314	6,269,851	3,134,926	783,731	783,731	783,731
32	Niger	16,499,608	2,749,935	6,874,837	4,124,902	2,062,451	687,484	687,484	0
33	Nigeria	171,657,798	17,757,703	59,192,344	47,353,875	35,515,407	5,919,234	5,919,234	5,919,234
34	Rwanda	8,882,289	522,488	3,134,926	2,612,438	1,567,463	522,488	522,488	0
35	<b>Sao Tome and Principe</b>	<b>90,748</b>	<b>8,250</b>	<b>32,999</b>	<b>24,749</b>	<b>11,000</b>	<b>5,500</b>	<b>8,250</b>	<b>0</b>
36	Senegal	8,648,545	934,978	3,038,678	2,571,189	1,168,722	233,744	701,233	0
37	Sierra Leone	6,971,084	804,356	2,144,949	1,876,830	1,340,593	268,119	268,119	268,119
38	<b>Somalia</b>	<b>16,843,350</b>	<b>2,887,431</b>	<b>5,293,624</b>	<b>4,331,147</b>	<b>2,406,193</b>	<b>481,239</b>	<b>962,477</b>	<b>481,239</b>
39	<b>South Africa</b>	<b>12,759,697</b>	<b>1,196,222</b>	<b>5,183,627</b>	<b>2,791,184</b>	<b>1,196,222</b>	<b>797,481</b>	<b>1,594,962</b>	<b>0</b>
40	Sudan and South Sudan	37,357,863	0	17,695,830	6,881,712	7,864,813	1,966,203	2,949,305	983,102
41	Swaziland	598,111	20,625	226,870	164,996	103,123	41,249	41,249	0
42	Togo	4,179,901	522,488	1,567,463	1,175,597	522,488	130,622	261,244	0
43	Uganda	27,141,855	969,352	9,693,520	7,754,816	4,846,760	969,352	969,352	0
44	United Republic of Tanzania	32,916,718	1,828,707	11,886,593	9,143,533	6,400,473	1,828,707	1,828,707	0
45	Zambia	11,962,216	824,980	4,537,392	3,299,922	2,474,941	412,490	412,490	0
46	<b>Zimbabwe</b>	<b>6,778,589</b>	<b>398,741</b>	<b>2,591,813</b>	<b>1,794,332</b>	<b>1,196,222</b>	<b>398,741</b>	<b>398,741</b>	<b>0</b>

Who's in Charge Here? A Case for a Positive Agenda for Affluence (Excerpt)

Nation		Country Total Neonatal Need (\$s)	Neonatal Pneumonia (\$s)	Neonatal Preterm (\$s)	Neonatal Asphyxia (\$s)	Neonatal Sepsis (\$s)	Neonatal Other (\$s)	Neonatal Congenital (\$s)	Neonatal Diarrhoea (\$s)
Asia: 20 Nations		\$1,145,423,421	\$129,996,288	\$403,002,929	\$250,959,040	\$158,409,988	\$74,227,612	\$106,993,084	\$18,816,428
1	Afghanistan	\$42,019,002	\$6,565,469	\$14,444,032	\$10,504,751	\$6,565,469	\$1,313,094	\$1,313,094	\$1,313,094
2	Azerbaijan	2,536,815	185,621	1,051,850	494,988	185620.592	247,494	309,368	0
3	Bangladesh	56,786,151	2,887,431	25,024,406	13,474,680	8,662,294	1,924,954	4,812,386	0
4	Cambodia	4,619,890	219,995	1,979,953	1,099,974	659,984	109,997	439,990	0
5	China	125,603,267	4,331,147	30,318,030	34,649,177	2,165,574	34,649,177	15,159,015	2,165,574
6	Democratic People's Rep. of Korea	4,289,898	164,996	1,897,455	742,482	412,490	329,992	659,984	0
7	India	606,305,600	93,277,785	209,875,015	116,597,231	93,277,785	23,319,446	58,298,615	11,659,723
8	Indonesia	49,828,817	2,076,201	21,800,107	10,381,003	5,190,502	3,114,301	6,228,602	0
9	Iraq	15,667,753	1,773,708	5,025,506	4,138,652	1,478,090	591,236	2,660,562	295,618
10	Kyrgyzstan	1,581,212	103,123	549,987	343,742	137,497	206,245	240,619	0
11	Lao People's Democratic Republic	2,144,949	54,999	934,978	549,987	329,992	54,999	164,996	0
12	Myanmar	18,094,570	769,982	8,469,799	3,849,909	2,694,936	1,154,973	1,154,973	0
13	Nepal	13,955,919	721,858	7,218,579	2,646,812	1,924,954	481,239	962,477	0
14	Pakistan	133,770,573	11,632,224	49,436,951	34,896,671	26,172,503	2,908,056	5,816,112	2,908,056
15	Philippines	21,779,483	907,478	8,621,045	5,444,871	2,722,435	453,739	3,176,175	0
16	Tajikistan	3,382,420	247,494	1,154,973	824,980	329,992	412,490	329,992	0
17	Turkmenistan	1,814,957	123,747	701,233	371,241	164,996	247,494	206,245	0
18	Uzbekistan	9,164,157	639,360	3,409,919	1,918,079	852,480	1,065,600	1,065,600	0
19	Viet Nam	12,154,711	467,489	3,973,656	2,337,444	1,636,211	1,168,722	2,571,189	0
20	Yemen	19,923,277	2,846,182	7,115,456	5,692,365	2,846,182	474,364	1,423,091	474,364

Latin America/Caribbean: 6 Nations		\$53,279,985	\$1,808,082	\$18,397,063	\$9,308,529	\$7,727,316	\$6,503,596	\$8,827,290	\$0
1	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	\$4,234,899	\$192,495	\$1,636,211	\$1,058,725	\$673,734	\$192,495	\$384,991	\$0
2	Brazil	24,577,541	378,116	7,940,436	3,781,160	3,781,160	4,159,276	4,159,276	0
3	Guatemala	4,619,890	192,495	1,636,211	1,251,220	673,734	192,495	673,734	0
4	<b>Haiti</b>	<b>4,949,882</b>	<b>309,368</b>	<b>1,856,206</b>	<b>1,237,471</b>	<b>618,735</b>	<b>309,368</b>	<b>309,368</b>	<b>0</b>
5	Mexico	11,192,234	508,737.918	3,815,534	1,526,214	1526213.752	1,271,845	2,543,690	0
6	Peru	3,705,537	226,870	1,512,464	453,739	453,739	378,116	756,232	0

Oceania: 2 Nations		\$3,378,982	\$268,119	\$1,209,971	\$952,165	\$505,300	\$89,373	\$274,993	\$0
1	Papua New Guinea	\$3,217,424	\$247,494	\$1,154,973	\$907,478	\$494,988	\$82,498	\$247,494	\$0
2	Solomon Islands	161,559	20,625	54,999	44,686	10,312	6,875	27,499	0

Total for 74 Nations		\$1,992,848,107	\$210,240,757	\$701,926,329	\$468,912,676	\$300,541,050	\$112,127,212	\$160,260,694	\$35,329,786
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Details in above table may not compute to numbers shown due to rounding.

Sources: empty tomb analysis, UNICEF data

empty tomb, inc., 2012

**Endnotes for Chapter 8, pp. 130-132, 157-163**

<sup>12</sup> United Nations Millennium Development Goals; “Goal 1: Eradicate Extreme Poverty & Hunger Fact Sheet”>; n.d.; <[http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/pdf/MDG\\_FS\\_1\\_EN.pdf](http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/pdf/MDG_FS_1_EN.pdf)>; p. 1 of 8/16/2012 printout.

<sup>13</sup> Rafael Lozano, MD, et al.; “Summary: Progress Towards Millennium Development Goals 4 and 5 on Maternal and Child Mortality: An Updated Systematic Analysis”; *The Lancet*; September 2011; <[http://www.thelancet.com/journals/lancet/article/PIIS0140-6736\(11\)61337-8/abstract](http://www.thelancet.com/journals/lancet/article/PIIS0140-6736(11)61337-8/abstract)>; p. 1 of 8/12/2012 1:04 PM printout.

<sup>14</sup> “End of an Era: James P. Grant (1922-1995),” *First call for Children*, UNICEF, 1995, No. 1, p. 1.

<sup>15</sup> Beth Spring, “UNICEF’s James P. Grant, Making the World Safe for Children,” *World Vision* magazine, December 1988/January 1989, p. 5.

<sup>16</sup> Adam Fifield, “The Child Survival Revolution 2.0,” *Every Child*, UNICEF, No. 1 2012, p. 11.

<sup>17</sup> “The Promise a Year Later,” *First Call for Children*, UNICEF, No. 2 (no date, approximately 1991).

<sup>18</sup> Spring, p. 4.

<sup>19</sup> United National Millennium Development Goals; “Goal 4: Reduce Child Mortality”; n.d.; <<http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/childhealth.shtml>>; p. 1 of 8/16/2012 11:41 AM printout.

<sup>20</sup> Abid Aslam, Julia Szczuka, eds. *The State of the World’s Children 2012* (New York: UNICEF, 2012), pp. 83, 91, 129.

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<sup>21</sup> The term “ ‘no progress’ indicates that the under-five mortality rate for 2010 is 40 deaths per 1,000 live births or more with an average annual rate of reduction of less than 1% for 1990-2010.” *Countdown to 2015, Maternal, Newborn & Child Survival: Building a Future for Women and Children, The 2012 Report*; World Health Organization and UNICEF; 2012; <[www.countdown2015mnch.org/documents/2012Report/2012-Complete.pdf](http://www.countdown2015mnch.org/documents/2012Report/2012-Complete.pdf)>; p. 15 of 7/7/2012 4:04 PM download and printout.

...

<sup>155</sup> The information was analyzed as follows. The annual number of under-5 child deaths for each country was entered on that country’s row of a spreadsheet. The sum of the under-5 child deaths in these 74 countries totaled 7,272,900 in 2010. With a UNICEF figure of 7,606,900 under-5 deaths in 2010, it was calculated that these 74 countries accounted for 96% of the under-5 child deaths in 2010.

Next, the percent of the under-5 deaths due to each cause was entered in the spreadsheet row for each of the 74 nations.

Each country’s percent of the total number of child deaths was then calculated.

Having calculated a percent of the total under-5 child deaths for each country, that individual percent was used as a multiplier for \$5 billion, which served as a base cost figure for preventing the 7.2729 million annual under-5 child deaths. The result was the cost-per-country dollar figure that would be needed to address causes of under-5 mortality in that country.

The cost estimate of \$5 billion is the same figure used to develop a cost-per-child death figure cited in chapter 6. The *Bulletin of the World Health Organization* cited a figure of \$52.4 billion that would be needed over the ten years, from 2006 through 2015, to “address the major causes of mortality among children aged < 5 years.” [Karin Stenberg, Benjamin Johns, Robert W. Scherpbier, & Tessa Tan-Torres Edejer; “A Financial Road Map to Scaling Up Essential Child Health Interventions in 75 Countries”; *Bulletin of the World Health Organization*; April 2007, 85 (4); <<http://www.who.int/bulletin/volumes/85/4/06-032052.pdf>>; p. 1 of 8/8/2009 printout.]

The annual average for that estimate was \$5.2 billion a year, thus providing support for the use of \$5 billion for the present purpose.

Once a dollar figure was developed for each country, that dollar figure was multiplied by the percent of each cause of under-5 child deaths within that country. The result was a dollar-cost estimate by country per cause of death for each of the measured categories. Those categories included: Pneumonia; Diarrhea; Measles; Meningitis; Injuries; Malaria; HIV/AIDS; Other; and Neonatal.

Similarly, a dollar-cost estimate was calculated for each of the seven "Causes of neonatal deaths." The "Neonatal" categories included: Pneumonia; Preterm; Asphyxia; Sepsis; Other; Congenital; Diarrhea.

<sup>156</sup> *The State of the World's Children 2012*, pp. 88-91.

<sup>157</sup> Jennifer Requejo, Jennifer Bryce, and Cesar Victoria, *Countdown to 2015, Maternal, Newborn & Child Survival: The 2012 Report* (New York: World Health Organization and UNICEF, 2012).

<sup>158</sup> See Countdown to 2015 Coordinating Committee; *Countdown to 2015 Decade Report (2000-2010): Taking Stock of Maternal, Newborn and Child Survival*; World Health Organization and UNICEF; created 5/21/2010; modified 6/3/2010; <<http://www.countdown2015mnch.org/documents/2010report/CountdownReportAndProfiles.pdf>>; pp. 158-159 (unnumbered). Eight of the nine Data Year 2008 "Causes of Under-5 Deaths" fit into the nine DY 2010 "Causes of Under-5 Deaths" labels without the need for adjustment. One DY 2010 label, Meningitis, was new. The seven DY 2008 "Causes of Neonatal Deaths" labels did not fit into the seven DY 2010 "Causes of Neonatal Deaths" labels without the need for adjustment. Five labels are the same: Preterm, Asphyxia, Other, Congenital, and Diarrhoea. Two DY 2010 new labels were Pneumonia and Sepsis, the latter of which is noted as "Sepsis/meningitis/tetanus." Two DY 2008 labels not used for DY 2010 are Tetanus and Infection, which were combined with Sepsis. The DY 2008 percent amounts were then adjusted to the DY 2010 percent amounts.

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“No one can serve two masters. Either he will hate the one and love the other, or he will be devoted to the one and despise the other. You cannot serve both God and Money.”

—Jesus quoted in Matthew 6:24, New International Version

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